Tenor Volume 2 Leton to Rich Hinkelman

ICICAI HEATI

A collection of songs from the musical stage, categorized by voice type. The selections are presented in their authentic settings, excerpted from the original vocal scores.

Compiled and Edited by Richard Walters



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FOREWORD

As the century nears its end, it is apparent to me that the most important and lasting body of performable American music for singers has come from the musical theatre and musical film. The classical tradition as it has been continued in the United States in this century has produced few major composers who have written extensively for the voice, producing a relatively small body of sometimes profound and beautiful literature, but often relevant only to specialized audiences. In pre-rock era popular traditions, the songs that were not written for the stage or film are largely inferior in quality to those written for Broadway and Hollywood (although there are plenty of exceptions to this general rule). Perhaps the reason is simply that the top talent was attracted to and nurtured by those two venues, and inspired by the best performers. But it's also possible that writing for a character playing some sort of scene, no matter how thin the dramatic context (sometimes undetectable), has inherently produced better songs. Compare a Rodgers and Hart ballad from the 1930s (which are all from musicals) to just an average pop ballad from that time not from the stage or screen, if you can dig one up, and you might see what I mean. Popular music of the rock era, primarily performers writing dance music for themselves to record, is almost a completely different aesthetic, and is most often ungratifying for the average singer to present in a typical performance with piano accompaniment.

The five volumes that comprise the original edition of *The Singer's Musical Theatre Anthology*, released in 1987, contain many of the most famous songs for a voice type, as well as being peppered with some more unusual choices. Volume two of the series allows a deeper investigation into the available literature. I have attempted to include a wide range of music, appealing to many different tastes and musical and vocal needs. As in the first volumes, whenever possible the songs are presented in what is their most authentic setting, excerpted from the vocal score or piano/rehearsal score, in the key originally performed and with the original piano accompaniment arrangement (which is really a representation of the orchestra, of course, although Kurt Weill was practically the only Broadway composer to orchestrate his own shows). A student of this subject will notice that these accompaniments are quite a bit different from the standard sheet music arrangements that were published of many of these songs, where the melody is put into a simplified piano part and moved into a convenient and easy piano key, without much regard to vocal range.

In the first volume of the series, I tried to walk a fine line in the mezzo-soprano choices, attempting to accommodate a mix of how theatre people define that voice type —almost exclusively meaning belting — and how classical tradition defines mezzo-soprano. In volume two I have restricted the choices to songs for a belting range, although they don't necessarily need to be belted, and put any songs sung in what theatre people call "head voice" or "soprano voice" in the soprano volume. As was true in the first volume, classically trained mezzo-sopranos will be comfortable with many of the songs in the soprano book.

The "original" keys are presented here, although that often means only the most comfortable key for the original performer. Transpositions of this music are perfectly acceptable. Some songs in these volumes might be successfully sung by any voice type. Classical singers and teachers using these books should remember that the soprano tessitura of this style of material, which often seems very low, was a deliberate aesthetic choice, aimed at clarity of diction, often done to avoid a cultured sound in a singing voice inappropriate to the desired character of the song and role, keeping what I term a Broadway ingenue range. Barbara Cook and Julie Andrews are famous examples of this kind of soprano, with singing concentrated in an expressive and strong middle voice. Also regarding tessituras, some men may find comfortable songs in both the tenor and baritone volumes, in a "baritenor" range, typically with a top note of G.

It's exciting to present songs in this new edition that have never before appeared in print. Many great songs still hold the stage, even if many of the shows don't. The nine volumes of the series present 358 songs from 117 musicals, dating from 1905 to 1991. It's a small percentage of our theatre heritage, but is still a comprehensive and relatively representative sampling of the stage music of New York, and to a much lesser degree London, in the twentieth century.

Many people have been kind and helpful to me in my research and preparation of this edition. They will forgive me if I only mention my debt of gratitude to the late musical theatre historian Stanley Green. I was fortunate enough to work with him as his editor on his last two books. Stanley's grasp of the subject, his compelling prose, and his high standards of research continue to inspire me.

THE SINGER'S MUSICAL THEATRE **ANTHOLOGY**

Tenor Volume 2

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THE APPLE TREE

Music: Jerry Bock Lyrics: Sheldon Harnick

Book: Sheldon Harnick, Jerry Bock, Jerome Coopersmith

Director: Mike Nichols

Choreographer: Lee Theodore and Herbert Ross

Opened: 10/18/66, New York; a run of 463 performances

Here was a new concept for Broadway—one musical containing three separate one-act musicals, like Puccini's *Il Trittico* or Offenbach's *Tales of Hoffmann*. Though the stories in *The Apple Tree* have nothing in common and, in fact, could be played separately, they are tied together by interrelated musical themes and by the whimsical reference to the color brown. The first act is based on Mark Twain's *The Diary of Adam and Eve*, and dealt with the dawn of humanity and innocence. The second act is based on Frank R. Stockton's celebrated *The Lady or the Tiger?* in which a warrior's fate, unresolved in the story, was determined by the choice of door he enters. The third act is based on Jules Feiffer's *Passionella*, a fantasy about a poor chimney sweep who became a movie star. "Forbidden Fruit" is sung by the Snake in Act I to tempt the fledgling humans.

BEGGAR'S HOLIDAY

Music: (Edward) Duke Ellington Lyrics and Book: John Latouche

Director: Nicholas Ray **Choreographer:** Valerie Betts

Opened: 12/26/46, New York; a run of 111 performances

At a time when the Brecht-Weill *The Threepenny Opera* was virtually unknown in the U.S. (its fame would await the 1954 production), another musical based on the 1728 play *The Beggar's Opera* played in New York. Updated to present day New York, *Beggar's Holiday* was experimental, unique, and non-formulamatic, and was highly regarded by some critics, but never caught on with the theatre-goers. If it had been a hit, Ellington might have found a comfortable home on Broadway, writing his sophisticated and rich music for the theatre rather than for the concert hall and recordings.

BELLS ARE RINGING

Music: Jule Styne

Book and Lyrics: Betty Comden and Adolph Green

Director: Jerome Robbins

Choreographers: Jerome Robbins and Bob Fosse

Opened: 11/29/56, New York; a run of 924 performances

Ever since appearing together in a nightclub revue, Betty Comden and Adolph Green had wanted to write a musical for their friend, Judy Holliday. The idea they eventually hit upon was to cast Miss Holliday as a meddlesome operator at a telephone answering service who gets involved with her clients' lives. She is in fact so helpful to one, a playwritght in need of inspiration, that they meet, fall in love—though through it all she conceals her true identity—dance and sing in the subway, and entertain fellow New Yorkers in Central Park. At last she confesses that she's the operator, and they go off to loveland. A film version was made that is virtually the stage show on film, with Dean Martin playing opposite Miss Holliday.

The material in this section is by Stanley Green and Richard Walters, some of which was previously published elsewhere.

CABARET

Music: John Kander Lyrics: Fred Ebb Book: Joe Masteroff Director: Harold Prince Choreographer: Ron Field

Opened: 11/20/66, New York; a run of 1,165 performances

Adapted from Christopher Isherwood's *Berlin Stories* and John van Druten's dramatizaion, *I Am a Camera, Cabaret* used a sleazy Berlin night club as a metaphor for the decadent world of pre-Hitler Germany of the 1930s. Though the story focusses on Sally Bowles, a British expatriate, and her ill-fated affair with Clifford Bradshaw, an American writer, the symbolism of the show is conveyed through an epicene Master of Ceremonies who recreates the tawdry atmosphere of the period through a series of musical numbers at the Kit Kat Club. The score is purposely reminiscent of Weill and Brecht, and starred Weill's widow, Lotte Lenya, in an important role. "Wilkommen" opens the entire show. In 1972 Bob Fosse directed a movie version, which reversed the nationalities of the principals, and used a different storyline.

CALL ME MADAM

Music and Lyrics: Irving Berlin

Book: Howard Lindsay and Russel Crouse

Director: George Abbott

Choreographer: Jerome Robbins

Opened: 10/12/50, New York; a run of 644 performances

President Truman appointed Washington party-giver Perle Mesta to be Ambassador to Luxembourg, and the situation was ripe for being satirized, along with commentary along the way about politics and foreign affairs, and the brash American abroad. Set in the tiny fictional country of Lichtenburg, Sally's unconventional, undiplomatic manner charms them all. This show was written as a star vehicle for Ethel Merman, and was Berlin's longest Broadway run, except for his *Annie Get Your Gun*. Kenneth Gibson is Sally's young aide, in love with the Princess Marie.

CAROUSEL

Music: Richard Rodgers

Lyrics and Book: Oscar Hammerstein II

Director: Rouben Mamoulian **Choreographer:** Agnes de Mille

Opened: 4/19/45, New York; a run of 890 performances

The collaborators of *Oklahoma!* chose Ferenc Molnar's Liliom as the basis for their second show and their best score Oscar Hammerstein shifted Molnar's Budapest locale to a late 19th century fishing village in New England. The two principal roles are Billy Bigelow, a carnival barker, and Julie Jordan, an ordinary factory worker. Julie's best friend, Carrie, becomes engaged to Mr. Enoch Snow, and things go temporarily sour in their relationship when Snow believes Carrie to be a trollop—"Geraniums in the Window." They patch things up later.

CHESS

Music: Benny Andersson and Bjorn Ulvaeus

Lyrics: Tim Rice

Book: Richard Nelson, based on an idea by Tim Rice

Director: Trevor Nunn

Choreographer: Lynne Taylor-Corbett

Opened: 4/28/88, New York; a run of 68 performances

There have been musicals about the cold war (*Leave it to Me!*, *Silk Stockings*), but *Chess* was the first to treat the conflict seriously, using an international chess match as a metaphor. Like *Jesus Christ Superstar* and *Evita*, *Chess* originated as a successful record album before it became a stage production. The London production was a high tech spectacle, rock opera type presentation. The libretto was revised for New York, and a different production approach was tried. "Someone Else's Story" was added for the Broadway run. The story is a romantic triangle with a Bobby Fischer type American chess champion, a Russian opponent who defects to the West, and the Hungarian born American woman who transfers her affections from the American to the Russian without bringing happiness to anyone. Though the show ran three years in London, it never made back its initial investment there. It lost \$6,000,000 in New York.

THE DESERT SONG

Music: Sigmund Romberg

Lyrics: Otto Harbach and Oscar Hammerstein II

Book: Otto Harbach, Oscar Hammerstein II and Frank Mandel

Director: Arthur Hurley

Choreographer: Bobby Connolly

Opened: 11/30/26, New York; a run of 471 performances

One of the best known operettas of the 1920s, *The Desert Song* was the first collaboration between Romberg, Harbach and Hammerstein. Though a swashbuckling romance following conventional lines of the day, the work also contained references to current political events, as well as the hot and popular films of Rudolph Valentino. In the plot, a French woman is abducted into the Sahara by the mysterious Red Shadow, leader of the rebels, but he turns out to really be the son of the Governor of Morocco. The musical was unsuccessfully revived in New York in 1973. Movie versions were released in 1929, 1943, and 1953.

DO RE MI

Music: Jule Styne

Lyrics: Betty Comden and Adolph Green **Book and Direction:** Garson Kanin

Choreographers: Marc Breaux and Deedee Wood **Opened:** 12/26/60, New York; a run of 400 performances

A wild satire on the ways in which the underworld muscled in on the jukebox business, *Do Re Mi* was adapted by Kanin from his own novel. With characters reminiscent of the raffish denizens of *Guys and Dolls*, the show offered two of Broadway's top clowns of the era: Phil Silvers as a fast-talking, would-be bigshot, and Nancy Walker as his long suffering spouse.

EVITA

Music: Andrew Lloyd Webber

Lyrics: Tim Rice
Director: Harold Prince
Choreographer: Larry Fuller

Opened: 6/23/78, London; a run of 2,900 performances. 9/25/79, New York; a run of 1,567 performances

Because of its great success in London, *Evita* was practically a pre-sold hit when it began its run on Broadway. Based on the events in the life of Argentina's strong-willed leader, Eva Peron, the musical—with Patti LuPone in the title role in New York—traced her rise from struggling actress to wife of dictator Juan Peron (Bob Gunton), and virtual co-ruler of the country. Part of the concept of the show is to have a slightly misplaced Che Guevera (played by Mandy Patinkin) as a narrator and conscience to the story of Eva's quick, greedy rise to power and her early death from cancer. "On This Night of a Thousand Stars" is the song of a swarmy nightclub singer who is Eva's first conquest. "High Flying, Adored" is sung by Che about Eva after Peron is made president of Argentina.

FANNY

Music and Lyrics: Harold Rome **Book:** S. N. Berman and Joshua Logan

Director: Joshua Logan

Choreographer: Helen Tamiris

Opened: 11/4/54, New York; a run of 888 performances

Fanny takes us to the colorful, bustling port of Marseilles "not so long ago" for a musical version of Marcel Pagnol's French film trilogy, Marius, Fanny and César (originally played by Ezio Pinza). Compressed into an evening's entertainment, the action-packed story concerns Marius, who yearns to go to sea; his father, César, the local café owner; Panisse, a prosperous middle-aged sail maker; and Fanny, the girl beloved by both Marius and Panisse. Though Fanny has a child with Marius just before he ships off, Panisse marries her and brings up the boy as his own. When Marius returns demanding both Fanny and his song, César convinces him that Panisse has the more rightful claim. Years later, however, the dying Panisse dictates a letter to Marius offereing him Fanny's hand in marriage. All of the songs were eliminated for the 1960 screen version.

FIDDLER ON THE ROOF

Music: Jerry Bock Lyrics: Sheldon Harnick Book: Joseph Stein

Director and Choreographer: Jerome Robbins

Opened: 9/22/64, New York; a run of 3,242 performances

An undeniable classic of the Broadway theatre, *Fiddler on the Roof* took a compassionate view of a Jewish community in Czarist Russia, where the people struggled to maintain their traditions and identity in the face of persecution. Despite a story that some thought had limited appeal (it was based on tales by Sholom Aleichem, including "Tevye's Daughters."), the theme struck such a universal response that the Fiddler was perched precariously on his roof for a record of over seven years, nine months. The plot is set in the village of Anatevka in 1905, and tells of the efforts of Tevye, his wife Golde, and their five daughters, to cope with their harsh existence. At the play's end, when a Cossack program has forced everyone out of the village, Tevye and what is left of his family look forward to a new life in America. "Miracle of Miracles" is sung by Motel the tailor, who is Tzeitel's beloved. Tzeitel rebels against the arranged marriage plans for her, and instead Motel tells Tevye that he and Tzeitel are in love and wish to be married. Tevye reluctantly agrees.

FINIAN'S RAINBOW

Music: Burton Lane Lyrics: E. Y. Harburg

Book: E. Y. Harburg and Fred Saidy **Director:** Bretaigne Windust **Choreographer:** Michael Kidd

Opened: 1/10/47, New York; a run of 725 performances

Finian's Rainbow evolved out of co-librettist E. Y. Harburg's desire to satirize an economic system that requires gold reserves to be buried in the ground at Fort Knox. This led to the idea of leprechauns and their crock of gold that, according to legend, could grant three wishes. The story takes place in Rainbow Valley, Missitucky, and involves Finian McLonergan, an Irish immigrant, and his efforts to bury a crock of gold which, he is sure will grow and make his rich. Also involved are Og, a leprechaun from whom the crock has been stolen, Finian's daughter, Sharon, who dreams wistfully of Glocca Morra, and Woddy Mahoney, a labor organizer who blames that "Old Devil Moon" for the way he feels about Sharon. A film adaptation was released in 1968, starring Fred Astaire in his last musical role in the movies, and directed by Francis Coppola.

FLOWER DRUM SONG

Music: Richard Rodgers
Lyrics: Oscar Hammerstein II

Book: Oscar Hammerstein II and Joseph Fields

Director: Gene Kelly

Choreographer: Carol Haney

Opened: 12/1/58, New York; a run of 600 performances

It was librettist Joseph Fields who first secured the rights to C. Y. Lee's novel and then approached Rodgers and Hammerstein to join him as collaborators. To dramatize the conflict between the traditionalist older Chinese-Americans living in San Francisco and their thoroughly Americanized offsprings, the musical tells the story of Mei Li, a timid "picture bride" from China, who arrives to fulfill her contract to marry nightclub owner Sammy Fong. Sammy, however, prefers dancer Linda Low (who obviously enjoys being a girl) and the problem is resolved when Sammy's friend Wang Ta discovers that Mei Li is really the bride for him; he sings this volume's "Like a God" to her.

FOLLIES

Music and Lyrics: Stephen Sondheim

Book: James Goldman **Director:** Harold Prince

Choreographer: Michael Bennett

Opened: 4/4/71, New York; a run of 522 performances

Taking place at a reunion of former Ziegfeld Follies-type showgirls, the musical deals with the reality of life as contrasted with the unreality of the theatre, a theme it explores through the lives of two couples, the upper class, unhappy Phyllis and Benjamin Stone, and the middle-class, unhappy Sally and Buddy Plummer. *Follies* also depicts these four as they were in their pre-marital youth. Because the show is about the past, and often in flashback, Sondheim purposefully stylized his songs to evoke some of the theatre's great composers and lyricists of the past. A revised version of the show was presented in London in 1987, with some songs replaced with new numbers. "Make the Most of Your Music," Ben's song, comes from the London version. "Beautiful Girls" is sung at the top of the show as the girls make their entrances. *Follies* was given 2 concert performances in 1985 at Avery Fisher Hall in New York City, with a cast that included Barbara Cook, Lee Remick, George Hearn, Mandy Patinkin, Carol Burnett, Licia Albanese, and many others. A new, live recording was released as a result of these performances.

GODSPELL

Music and Lyrics: Stephen Schwartz

Book and Direction: John-Michael Tebelak

Opened: 5/17/71, New York; a run of 2,124 Off-Broadway and then 527 on Broadway

With its rock-flavored score, *Godspell* is a contemporary, flower-child view of the Gospel of St. Matthew, containing dramatized parables of the Prodigal Son, the Good Samaritan, and the Pharisee and the Tax Collector, and with Christ depicted as a clown-faced innocent with a Superman "S" on his shirt. The work originated as a nonmusical play and was first presented at the experimental Café La Mama; after Stephen Schwartz added words and music, the show began it's Off Broadway run at the Cherry Lane Theatre in Greenwich Village, then transferred to the Promenade where it remained for over five years. Beginning in June 1976, it also had a Broadway run. The show was a hit in London as well, and was filmed by Columbia in 1973.

GOOD NEWS

Music: Ray Henderson

Lyrics: B. G. DeSylva and Lew Brown **Book:** Laurence Schwab and B. G. DeSylva

Director: Edgar MacGregor **Choreographer:** Bobby Connolly

Opened: 9/6/27, New York; a run of 557 performances

Good News inaugurated a series of bright and breezy DeSylva, Brown and Henderson musical comedies that captured the fast-paced spirit of America's flaming youth of the 1920s. In this collegiate caper, the setting is Tait College where the student body is composed of flappers and sheiks, and where the biggest issue is whether the school's football hero will be allowed to play in the big game against Colton despite his failing grade in astronomy. It's all silly, good natured fun. There was an unsuccessful revival on Broadway in 1974. The MGM movie version of 1947 starred June Allyson, Peter Lawford and Mel Tormé.

GRAND HOTEL

Music and Lyrics: Maury Yeston; and Robert Wright and George Forrest

Book: Luther Davis

Director and Choreographer: Tommy Tune

Opened: 11/12/89, New York; a run of 1,018 performances

Based on the novel by Vicki Baum, *Grand Hotel* interweaves the different stories of the staff and guests at a posh Berlin hotel of c. 1930, just as did the well known film of 1932 mixed the stories of Greta Garbo, Lionel Barrymore, Joan Crawford, and a host of others. On Broadway, the stories include the penniless Baron's plans to steal the aging ballerina's jewels but he instead falls in love with her, the businessman who wrestles with his conscience, an aspiring actress who reluctantly peddles her flesh, and the accountant with a zest for living in the face of a fatal disease. Predominantly through dance were the stories intermingled and intersected in the Tommy Tune production.

GREASE

Music, Lyrics and Book: Jim Jacobs and Warren Casey

Director: Tom Moore

Choreographer: Patricia Birch

Opened: 2/14/72, New York; a run of 3,388 performances

A surprise runaway hit reflecting the nostalgia fashion of the 1970s, *Grease* is the story of hip greaser Danny and his wholesome girl Sandy Dumbrowski, a loose plot that serves as an excuse for a light-hearted ride through the early rock 'n' roll of the 1950s. The show is currently the third longest running Broadway musical in history, after *A Chorus Line* and *Cats*. The 1978 movie version, starring John Travolta and Olivia Newton-John, is one of the top grossing musical movies of all time.

GUYS AND DOLLS

Music and Lyrics: Frank Loesser Book: Abe Burrows and Jo Swerling Director: George S. Kaufman Choreographer: Michael Kidd

Opened: 11/24/50, New York; a run of 1,200 performances

Populated by the hard-shelled but soft-centered characters who inhabit the world of writer Damon Runyon, this "Musical Fable of Broadway" tells the tale of how Miss Sarah Brown of the Save-a-Soul Mission saves the souls of assorted Times Square riff-raff while losing her heart to the smooth-talking gambler, Sky Masterson. A more comic romance involves Nathan Detroit, who runs the "oldest established permanent floating crap game in New York," and Miss Adelaide, the star of the Hot Box nightclub, to whom he has been engaged for fourteen years, which explains her famous song, "Adelaide's Lament." Because Sky wins a bet, the gamblers are required to attend a service at the mission. In the spirit of things they offer colorful testimonies, the highlight being "Sit Down You're Rockin' the Boat."

Guys and Dolls played on Broadway for 239 performances with an all black cast in 1976. In 1992, an enormously successful revival opened in New York, and a new cast recording was made of the show, with Faith Prince as Miss Adelaide. The 1955 film version stars Frank Sinatra, Marlon Brando, Jean Simmons, and Vivan Blaine (the original Miss Adelaide).

HOW TO SUCCEED IN BUSINESS WITHOUT REALLY TRYING

Music and Lyrics: Frank Loesser

Book: Abe Burrows, based on a play by Jack Weinstock and Willie Gilbert

Director: Abe Burrows

Choreographer: Bob Fosse and Hugh Lambert

Opened: 10/14/61, New York; a run of 1,417 performances

Based on the book by Shepherd Mead, "Business" traces the career of J. Pierpont Finch as he climbs from the mail room to CEO in a few easy steps, not by hard work, but by explicitly following the advice of a book called *How to Succeed in Business Without Really Trying*. Finch is a boyish, charming but ruthless character, a satirical look at the Horatio Alger-ish American myth, with swipes at such business mainstays as the Yes Man, the coffee break, nepotism, the office party, and a boardroom presentation. "I Believe in You" is sung by Finch to his reflection in the mirror of the executive washroom, with a chorus of angry executives in counterpoint. The show won the Pulitzer Prize for drama, the fourth musical ever to do so. A movie version, virtually a filming of the staged production, was released in 1967, again with Robert Morse in the role of Finch.

JEKYLL & HYDE

Music: Frank Wildhorn

Lyrics and book: Leslie Bricusse

Director: Robin Phillips **Choreographer:** Joey Pizzi

Opened: 4/28/97, New York; still running as of 2/1/00

Based on Robert Louis Stevenson's 1886 novella, *Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde*, this show took nearly a decade to arrive on Broadway. However, the first full score by pop composer Frank Wildhorn was already familiar to most lovers of musical theatre from two widely circulated concept albums. A North American tour also helped make the show familiar to most of the rest of America before arriving in New York. As in the Stevenson book, a well-meaning scientist, Dr. Henry Jekyll, invents a potion that separates the noble side of man's nature from the evil, bestial side. "This Is the Moment" is the doctor's breakthrough realization that his theories are possible.

JESUS CHRIST SUPERSTAR

Music: Andrew Lloyd Webber

Lyrics: Tim Rice
Director: Tom O'Horgan

Opened: 10/12/71, New York; a run of 711 performances

Though conceived as a theatre piece, the young team of Lloyd Webber and Rice could not find a producer interested in the "rock opera." Instead, they recorded it as an album, which became a smash hit. Concert tours of the show, which is an eclectic telling of the final week in the life of Jesus, followed, and it didn't take any more convincing that this would fly in the theatre. Despite some mixed press about the production and some objections from religious groups, the piece had its appeal, particularly among the young. The concept of a "rock opera" caused quite a stir at the time.

JOSEPH AND THE AMAZING TECHNICOLOR DREAMCOAT

Music: Andrew Lloyd Webber

Lyrics: Tim Rice

Opened: premiered 1968, London; first revision 1973, London 11/18/81, New York; a run of 824 performances

The musical lasted all of 15 minutes in its first form, written for a school production in 1968, the first collaboration by the young Lloyd Webber and Rice. By 1973 the piece had been expanded to about 90 minutes, and was given in the West End. The first New York performances took place at the Brooklyn Academy of Music in 1976, and a Broadway run finally commenced in 1981. Somewhat of a forerunner to *Jesus Christ Superstar*, which is also based on Biblical sources, "Joseph" is told entirely in an eclectic mix of song in popular styles such as rock, country, vaudeville, and calypso. From the Old Testament, the story is of Joseph, Jacob's favorite of 12 sons, who is given a remarkable coat of many colors. His jealous brothers sell him into slavery, and he is taken to Egypt, where he interprets the dream of the Pharoah. His wise prophecy so impresses the Pharaoh that Joseph is highly elevated in honor and position and saves the country from famine. The musical has been once again revised in recent years, and a new touring company was launched with the new version in 1992.

MILK AND HONEY

Music and Lyrics: Jerry Herman

Book: Don Appell **Director:** Albert Marre

Choreographer: Donald Saddler

Opened: 10/10/61, New York; a run of 543 performances

Milk and Honey was Jerry Herman's first Broadway show. Generally about American tourists in Israel, the show relates the ill-fated romance of a middle-aged businessman and a younger woman who cannot overcome her qualms about a liaison with a married man.

LES MISÉRABLES

Music: Claude-Michel Schönberg

Lyrics: Herbert Kretzmer and Alain Boublil

Original French Text: Alain Boublil and Jean-Marc Natel

Directors: Trevor Nunn and John Caird

Choreographer: Kate Flatt

Opened: 9/80, Paris; an initial run of 3 months 10/8/85, London; still running as of 6/1/93 3/12/87, New York; still running as of 6/1/93

Les Misérables lends a pop opera texture to the 1200 page Victor Hugo epic novel of social injustice and the plight of the downtrodden. The original Parisian version contained only a few songs, and many more were added when the show opened in London. Thus, most of the show's songs were originally written in English. The plot is too rich to capsulize, but centers on Jean Valjean, who has go to prison in previous years for stealing a loaf of bread, and takes place over several years in the first half of the 19th century. "Bring Him Home" is sung by Jean Valjean about his daughter's fiancé, Marius, as he faces battle in the student uprisings of 1832.

MISS SAIGON

Music: Claude-Michel Schönberg

Lyrics: Richard Maltby, Jr. and Alain Boublil

Director: Nicholas Hynter **Musical Staging:** Bob Avian

Opened: 9/20/89, London; still running as of 6/1/93 4/11/91, New York; still running as of 6/1/93

A follow up to their hit *Les Misérables, Miss Saigon* is somewhat of an updated telling on the general lines of the Belasco-Puccini tale of Madame Butterfly, only this time the setting is Vietnam during the fall of Saigon at the end of the war. The writers cite a news photograph giving up her child to an American G.I. as the genesis for the idea. The production is noted for a life-size helicopter that descends over the audience. "Why God Why?" is the American soldier Chris' monologue at night in Saigon while the Vietnamese girl Kim is asleep.

THE MYSTERY OF EDWIN DROOD

Music, Lyrics and Book: Rupert Holmes

Director: Wilford Leach

Choreographer: Graciela Daniele

Opened: 12/2/85, New York; a run of 608 performances

The Mystery of Edwin Drood came to Broadway after being intially presented the previous summer in a series of free performances sponsored by the New York Shakespeare Festival at the Delacorte Theatre in Central Park. The impressive score was the first stage work of composer-lyricist-librettist Rupert Holmes, who had previously revealed a talent limited to commercial pop. Holmes' lifelong fascination with Charles Dickens' unfinished novel had been the catalyst for the project. Since there were no clues as to Drood's murderer or even if a murder had been committed, Holmes decided to let the audience provide the show's ending by voting how it turns out. The writer's second major decision was to offer the musical as if it were being performed by an acting company at London's Music Hall Royale in 1873, complete with such conventions as a Chairman (George Rose) to comment on the action and a woman (Betty Buckley) to play the part of Edwin Drood. The show was notable for the appearance of jazz legend Cleo Laine as the eccentric and mysterious Princess Puffer. On November 13, 1986, in an attempt to attract more theatre-goers, the musical's title was changed to *Drood*.

OLIVER!

Music, Lyrics and Book: Lionel Bart

Director: Peter Coe

Opened: 6/30/60, London; a run of 2,618 performances 1/6/63, New York; a run of 744 performances

Oliver! established Lionel Bart as Britain's outstanding musical theatre talent of the 1960s when the musical opened in London. Until overtaken by Jesus Christ Superstar, Oliver! set the record as the longest running musical in British history. Based on Charles Dickens; novel about the orphan Oliver Twist and his adventures as one of Fagin's pickpocketing crew, Oliver! also had the longest run of any British musical present in New York in the 1960s. The show was revived on Broadway in 1984. In 1968, it was made into an Academy Award winning movie produced by Columbia.

ON A CLEAR DAY YOU CAN SEE FOREVER

Music: Burton Lane

Lyrics and Book: Alan Jay Lerner

Director: Robert Lewis **Choreographer:** Herbert Ross

Opened: 10/17/65, New York; a run of 280 performances

Alan Jay Lerner's fascination with the phenomenon of extrasensory perception led to his teaming with composer Richard Rodgers in 1962 to write a musical to be called *I Picked a Daisy*. When that didn't work out, Lerner turned to composer Burton Lane, with whom he had worked in Hollywood years before. The result is a show about Daisy Gamble, who can not only predict the future, but under hypnosis, by Dr. Mark Bruckner, can recall her past life as Melinda Wells in 18th century London. Mark becomes infatuated with Melinda, who becomes a romantic rival to the present day Daisy. They split up, but he persuades her to "Come Back to Me." Barbra Streisand starred in the 1970 Vincente Minnelli filmed version of the musical.

THE PHANTOM OF THE OPERA

Music: Andrew Lloyd Webber Lyrics: Charles Hart, Richard Stilgoe

Book: Richard Stilgoe and Andrew Lloyd Webber

Director: Harold Prince **Choreographer:** Gillian Lynne

Opened: 1986, London (still running as of 6/1/93) 1/26/88, New York (still running as of 6/1/93)

Turn-of-the-century French novelist Gaston Leoux wrote *Le Fantôme de l'Opéra* after visiting the subterranean depths of the Paris Opera House, including its man-made lake. Though not a success when published in 1911, the ghoulish tale of the mad, disfigured Pahtnom who lives in the bowels of the theatre and does away with those who would thwart the operatic career of his beloved Christine, became internationally celebrated in 1925 when it served as a movie vehicle for Lon Chaney. In 1984 Ken Hill's stage production was playing in London was seen by Lloyd Webber, who, after reading the novel decided that he would make *The Phantom of the Opera* his next musical. Richard Stilgoe wrote some of the lyrics, but was later replaced by Charles Hart (though Lloyd Webber had tried to get Alan Jay Lerner or Tim Rice as collaborators). After being a major hit in London, the pre-sale in New York was \$18,000,000.

PLAIN AND FANCY

Music: Albert Hague Lyrics: Arnold B. Horwitt

Book: Joseph Stein and Will Glickman

Director: Morton Da Costa **Choreographer:** Helen Tamiris

Opened: 1/27/55, New York; a run of 461 performances

The setting of *Plain and Fancy* was Amish country in Pennsylvania, where two worldly New Yorkers (Richard Derr and Shirl Conway) have gone to sell a farm they and inherited—but not before they had a chance to meet the God-fearing people and appreciate their simple but unyielding way of living. The warm and atmospheric score was composed by Albert Hague, familiar to television viewers as the bearded music teacher in the series *Fame*.

THE SECRET GARDEN

Music: Lucy Simon

Lyrics and Book: Marsha Norman Director: Susan H. Schulman Choreographer: Michael Lichtefeld

Opened: 4/25/91, New York; 706 performances

Based on the novel by Frances Hodgson Burnett, the story is of an orphaned Mary Lennox, who is sent to live with her uncle Archibald in Yorkshire. He is absorbed in grief over the death of his young wife 10 years earlier, and the house is gloomy and mysterious. Mary finds her dead aunt's "secret garden," passionately nurtures it to life, and Archie also comes back to life. The score is one of the most accomplished to be heard on Broadway in the last two decades. "A Bit of Earth" is Archibald's monologue musing at Mary's request for a garden to tend. Mandy Patinkin first played the role. "Winter's on the Wing" is sung by the gardener about the coming spring.

SHE LOVES ME

Music: Jerry Bock
Lyrics: Sheldon Harnick
Book: Joe Masteroff
Director: Harold Prince
Choreographer: Carol Haney

Opened: 4/23/63, New York; a run of 301 performances

The closely integrated, melody drenched score of *She Loves Me* is certainly one of the best ever written for a musical comedy. It was based on a Hungarian play, *Parfumerie*, by Miklos Laszlo, that had already been used as the basis for two films, *The Shop Around the Corner* and, adapted to an American setting, *In the Good Old Summertime*. Set in the 1930s in what could only be Budapest, the tale is of the people who work in Maraczek's Parfumerie, principally the constantly quabbling sales clerk Amalia Balash (Barbara Cook) and the manager Georg Nowack (Daniel Massey). It is soon revealed that they are anonymous pen pals who agree to meet one night at the Café Imperiale, though neither knows the other's identity. In "Tonight at Eight" Georg anxiously awaits their first face to face meeting. That evening he realizes that it is Amalia who is waiting for him in the restaurant, but doesn't let on, teasing her some with "Tango Tragique." In "She Loves Me" he realizes that though Amalia loves him, she just doesn't know yet who it is. Eventually, he is emboldened to reveal his identity by quoting from one of Amalia's letters. *She Loves Me*, which would have starred Julie Andrews had she not been filming *Mary Poppins*, was one of Barbara Cook's most magical portrayals. The show is well represented on the original cast album, which on two disks preserves practically every note of the show's music.

THE STUDENT PRINCE

Music: Sigmund Romberg

Lyrics and Book: Dorothy Donnelly

Director: J. C. Huffman

Opened: 12/2/24, New York; a run of 608 performances

Though the popularity of operetta had yielded to more up to date musical comedy, *The Student Prince in Heidelberg* (the complete title was used throughout its initial run) was the longest running musical of the 1920s. It was one of the last of the American operettas that was written to sound as if it had been translated from a European language. Set in 1860, the sentimental story is of Prince Karl Franz who has gone to Heidelberg with his tutor to complete his education. He meets a waitress at an inn, and in boy-meets-girl tradition the two are soon singing love duets. Duty calls, however, and the Prince has to tear himself away to become king. A few years later he returns to Heidelberg looking for his lost youth. The show was very popular in its time, touring the country for eight years, with Broadway revivals in 1931 and 1943. A silent film version was released in 1927, and in 1954, with Mario Lanza's singing voice, another film production was released. The piece has entered the repertory of several opera companies.

FORBIDDEN FRUIT (THE APPLE TREE)

from The Apple Tree











I MET A GIRL

from Bells Are Ringing

Lyrics by BETTY COMDEN and ADOLPH GREEN Music by JULE STYNE











MAYBE I SHOULD CHANGE MY WAYS

from Beggar's Holiday

Words and Music by JOHN LaTOUCHE and DUKE ELLINGTON









WILLKOMMEN

from Cabaret

Lyrics by FRED EBB Music by JOHN KANDER











ONCE UPON A TIME TODAY

from Call Me Madam

Words and Music by IRVING BERLIN



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ANTHEM from Chess

Words and Music by BENNY ANDERSSON, TIM RICE and BJORN ULVAEUS









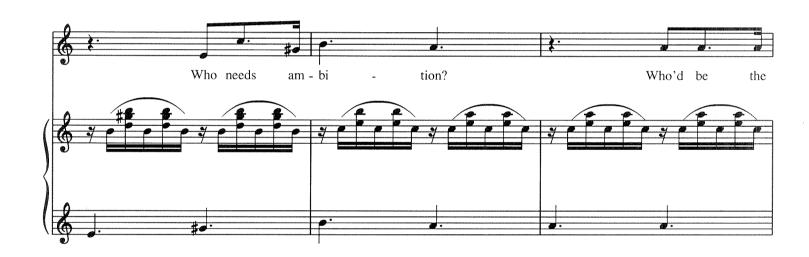
WHERE I WANT TO BE

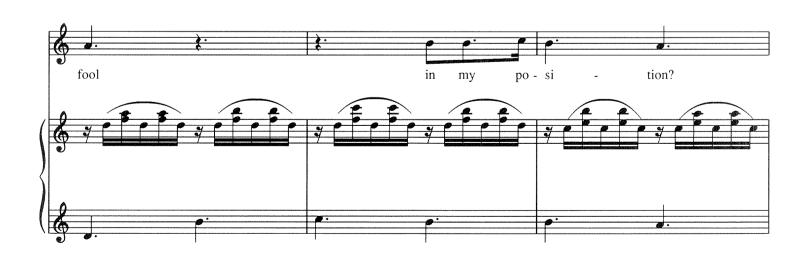
from Chess

Words and Music by BENNY ANDERSSON, TIM RICE and BJÖRN ULVAEUS

Nearly like a waltz (not too slow); like a music box





















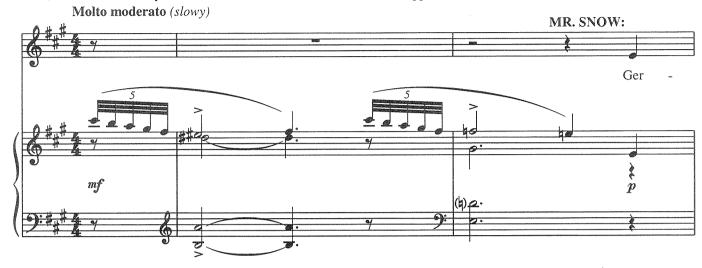
GERANIUMS IN THE WINDER

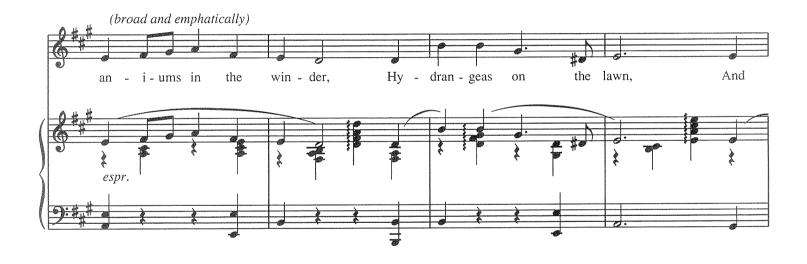
from Carousel

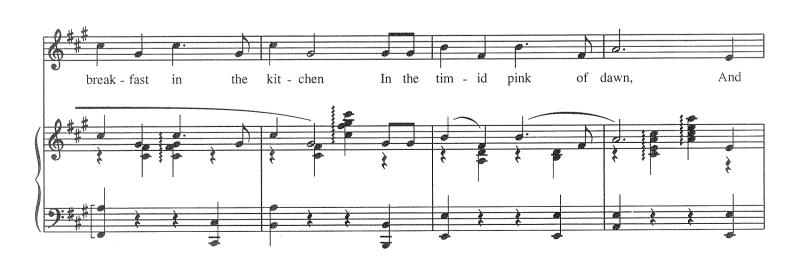
Lyrics by OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN II Music by RICHARD RODGERS

Mr. Snow: (spoken) Leave me to my shattered dreams.

They are all I have left, memories of what didn't happen.







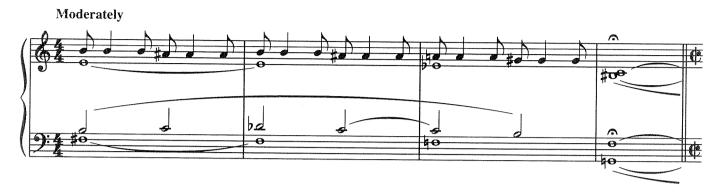


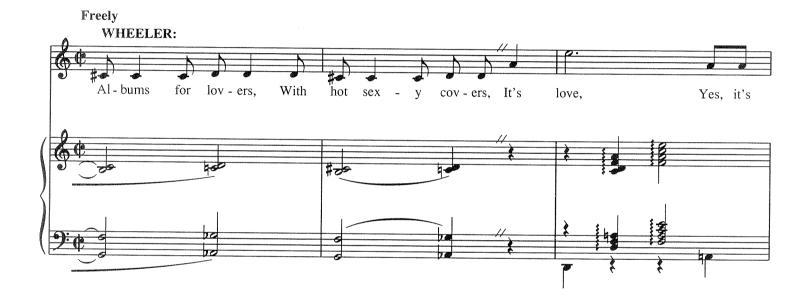


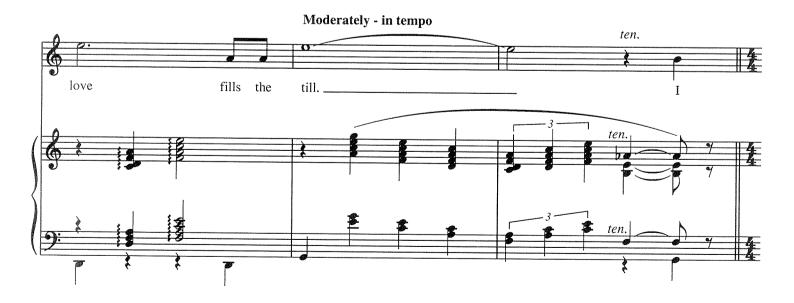
I KNOW ABOUT LOVE

from Do Re Mi

Lyrics by BETTY COMDEN and ADOLPH GREEN Music by JULE STYNE









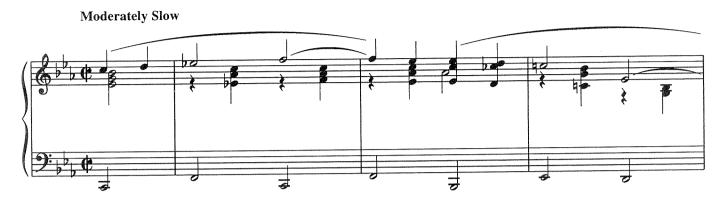




ASKING FOR YOU

from Do Re Mi

Lyrics by BETTY COMDEN and ADOLPH GREEN Music by JULE STYNE









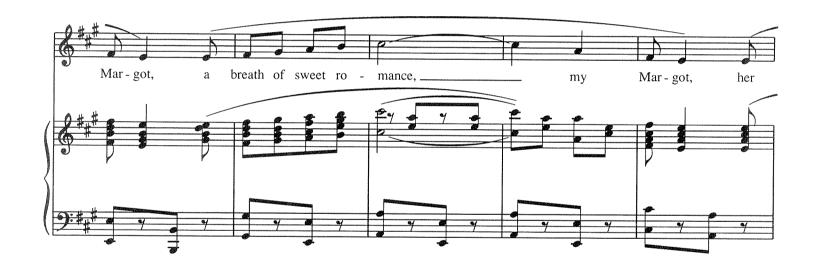


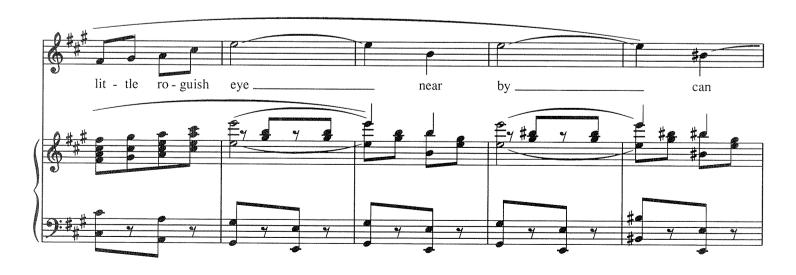
MARGOT

from The Desert Song

Lyrics by OTTO HARBACH and OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN II Music by SIGMUND ROMBERG









HIGH FLYING, ADORED from Evita

Lyrics by TIM RICE Music by ANDREW LLOYD WEBBER



The right hand part of piano is a simple suggestion of the kind of improvisation that is appropriate in this song.





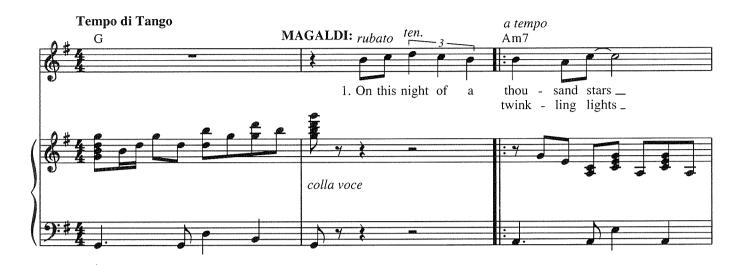




ON THIS NIGHT OF A THOUSAND STARS

from Evita

Lyrics by TIM RICE Music by ANDREW LLOYD WEBBER





In the score of *Evita*, the pianist is directed to "ad lib. (corny night club, Spanish style)." The right hand in this edition is a simple, written out improvisation.





I LIKE YOU

from Fanny

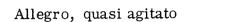
Words and Music by HAROLD ROME



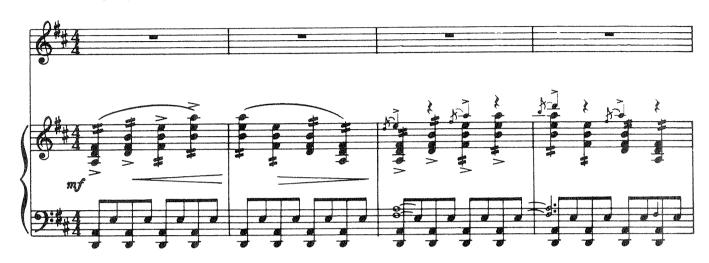


MIRACLE OF MIRACLES

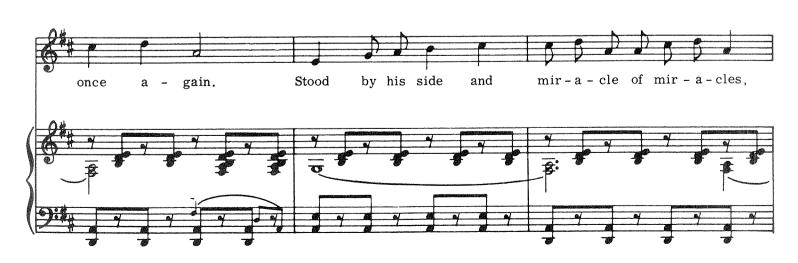
from Fiddler on the Roof



Music by JERRY BOCK Words by SHELDON HARNICK













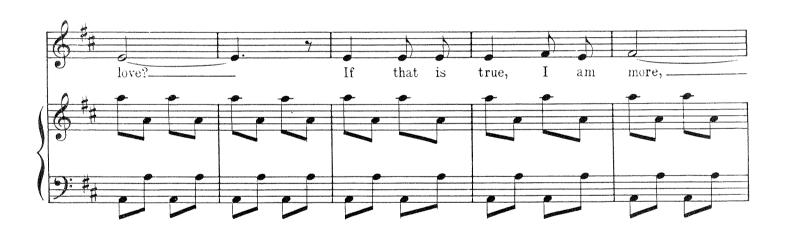


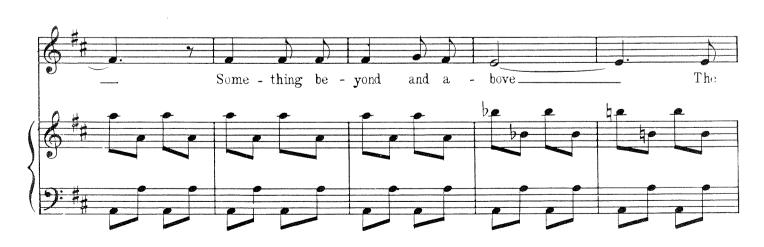
LIKE A GOD

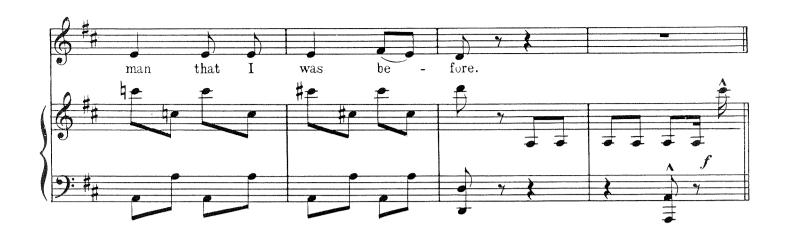
from Flower Drum Song

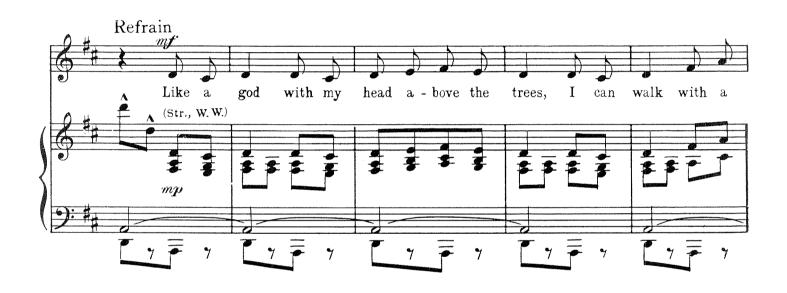
Lyrics by OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN II Music by RICHARD RODGERS



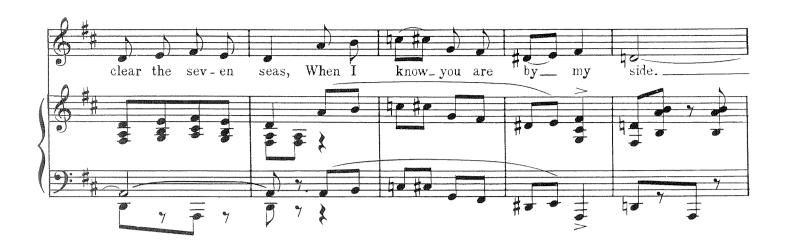




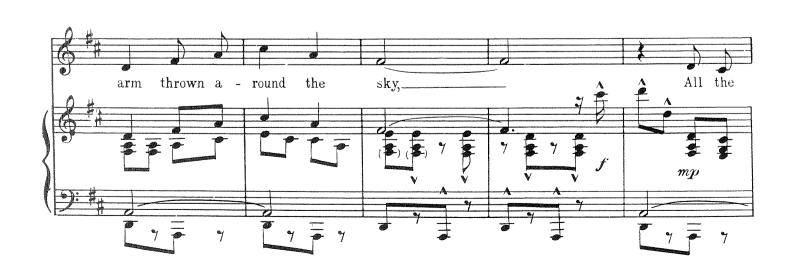


















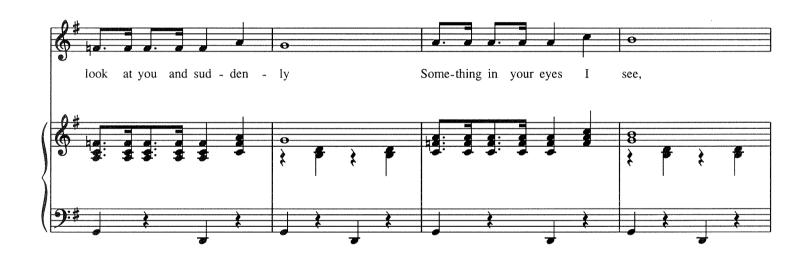


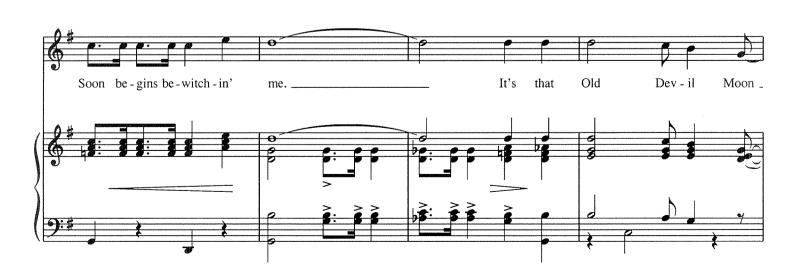
OLD DEVIL MOON

from Finian's Rainbow

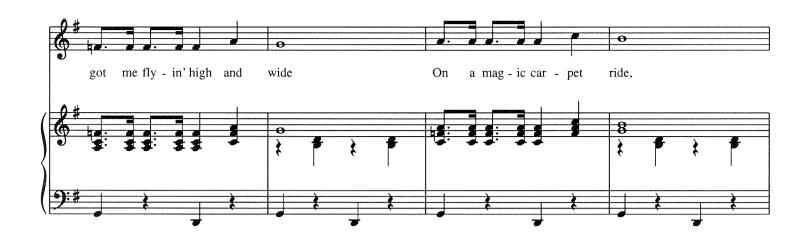
Lyrics by E. Y. HARBURG Music by BURTON LANE

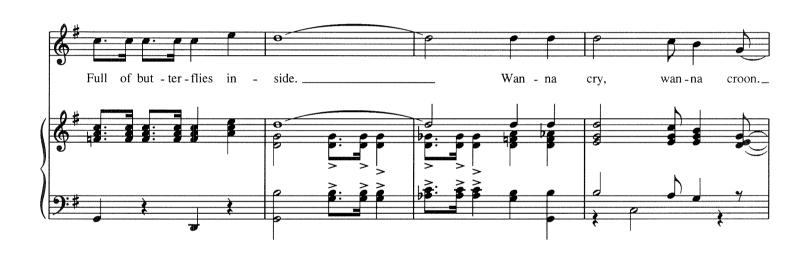


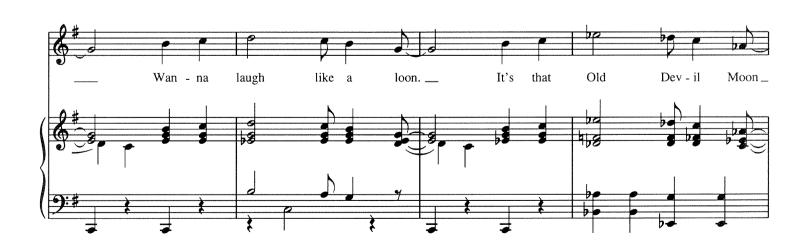




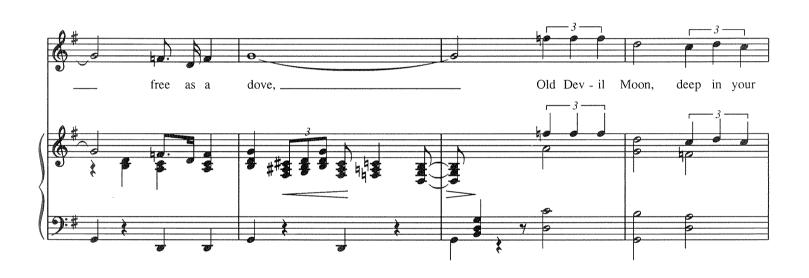


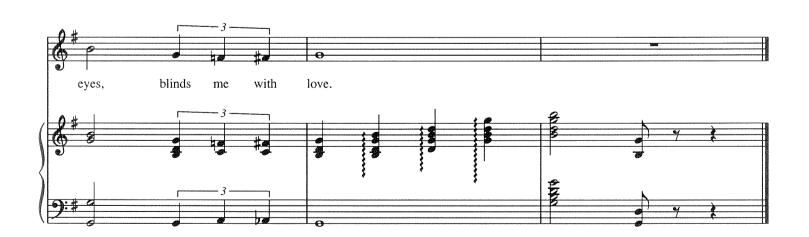












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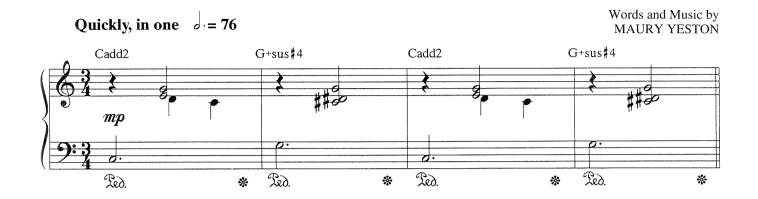


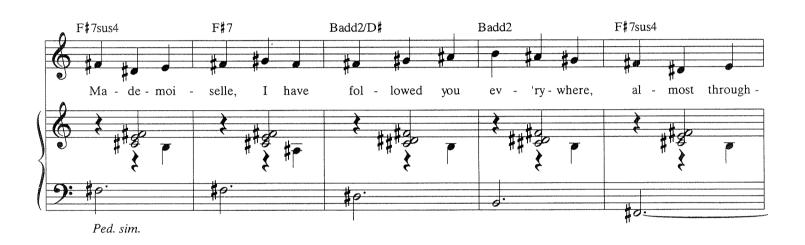


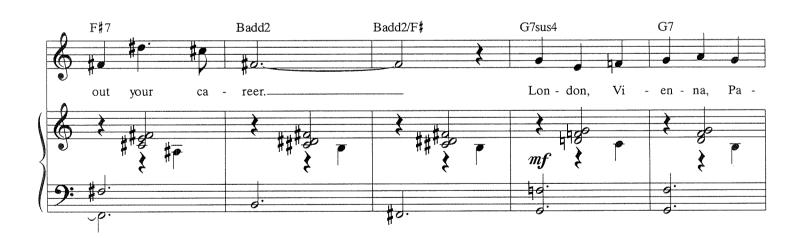


LOVE CAN'T HAPPEN

from Grand Hotel

























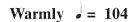




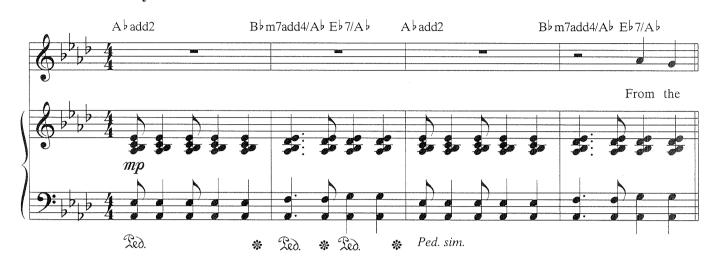


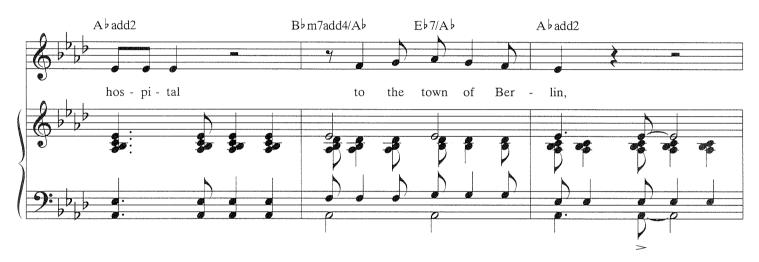
AT THE GRAND HOTEL

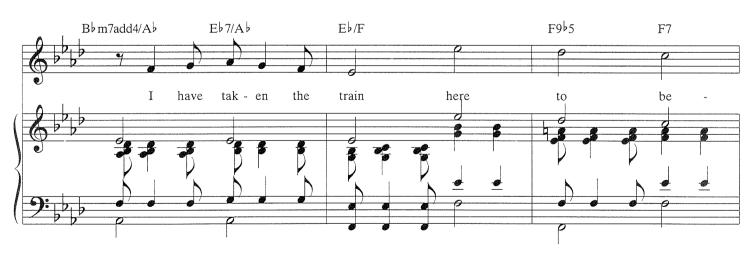
from Grand Hotel



Words and Music by MAURY YESTON













ALL GOOD GIFTS



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LUCKY IN LOVE

from Good News









ALONE AT THE DRIVE-IN MOVIE

from Grease

Lyric and Music by WARREN CASEY and JIM JACOBS















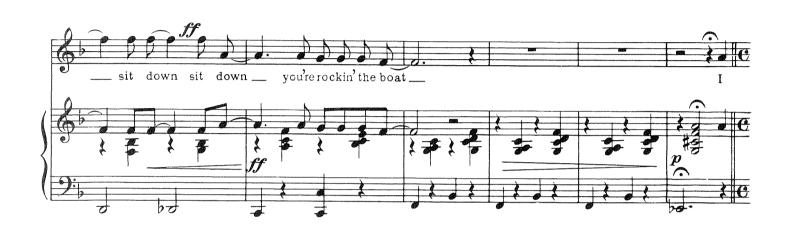


SIT DOWN YOU'RE ROCKIN' THE BOAT

from Guys And Dolls





















I ONLY WANT TO SAY (GETHSEMANE)

from Jesus Christ Superstar















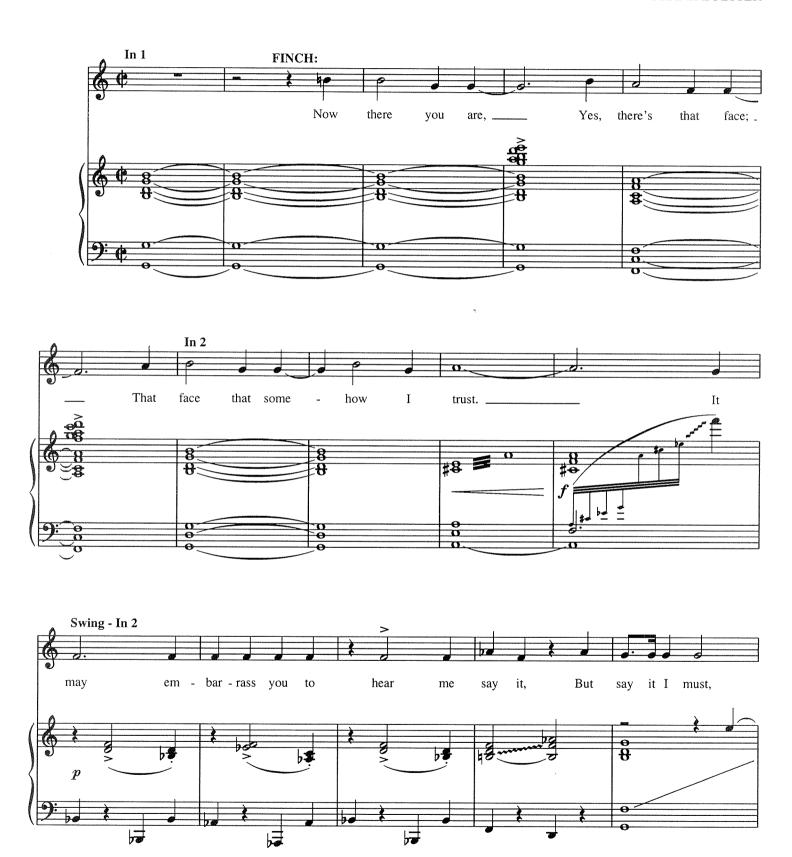




I BELIEVE IN YOU

from How to Succeed in Business Without Really Trying

Music & Lyrics by FRANK LOESSER



Note: Finch is addressing himself in the song.











THIS IS THE MOMENT

from Jekyll & Hyde







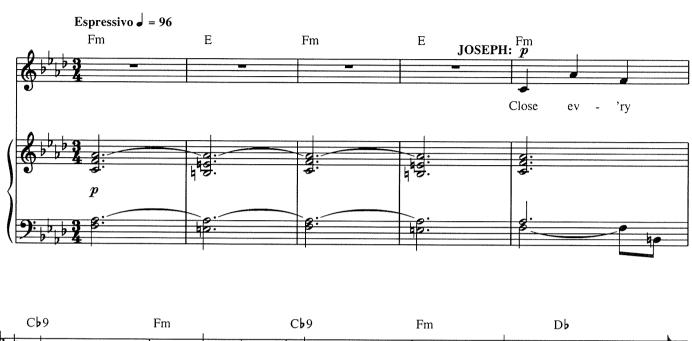




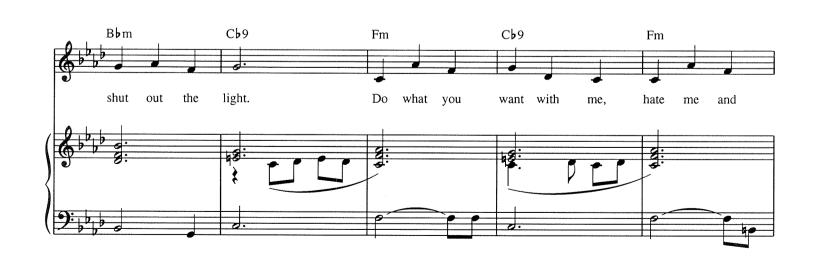
CLOSE EVERY DOOR

from Joseph and the Amazing Technicolor Dreamcoat

Lyrics by TIM RICE Music by ANDREW LLOYD WEBBER















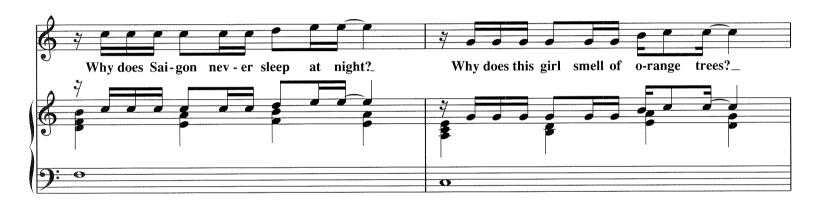
WHY GOD WHY?

from Miss Saigon

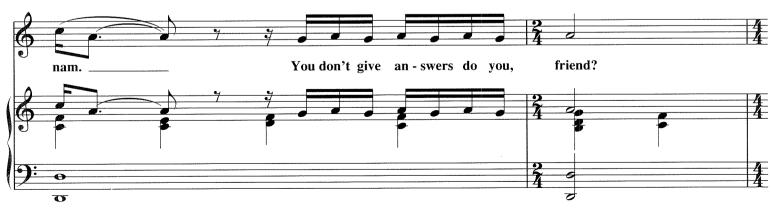
Music by CLAUDE-MICHEL SCHÖNBERG Lyrics by RICHARD MALTBY JR. and ALAIN BOUBLIL Adapted from original French Lyrics by ALAIN BOUBLIL

Sostenuto (not too slow)

























I WILL FOLLOW YOU

from Milk And Honey









BRING HIM HOME

from Les Misérables

Lyrics by HERBERT KRETZMER and ALAIN BOUBLIL Music by CLAUDE-MICHEL SCHÖNBERG





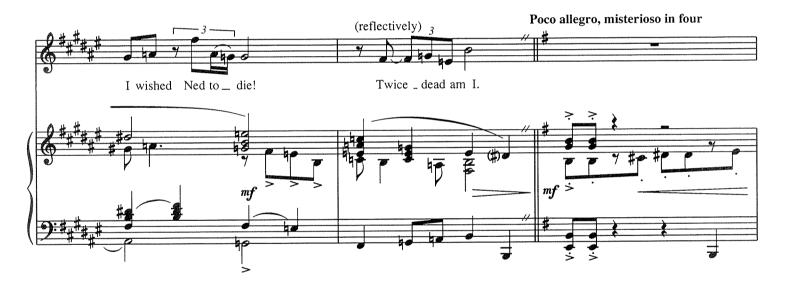




JASPER'S CONFESSION from The Mystery of Edwin Drood

Words and Music by RUPERT HOLMES















SHE WASN'T YOU

from On a Clear Day You Can See Forever

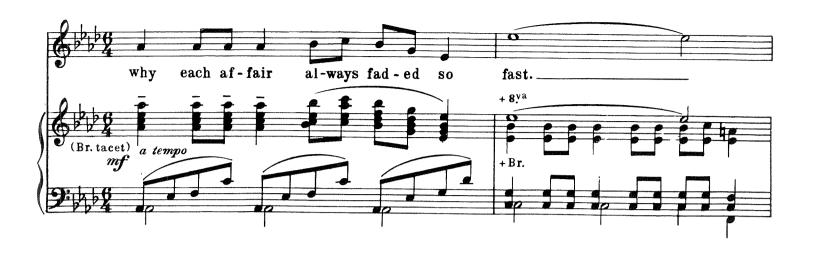
Words by ALAN JAY LERNER Music by BURTON LANE

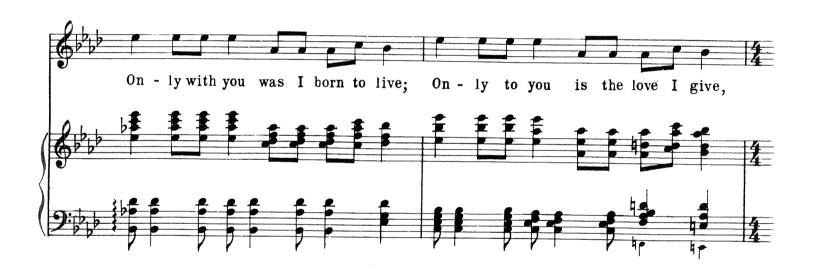


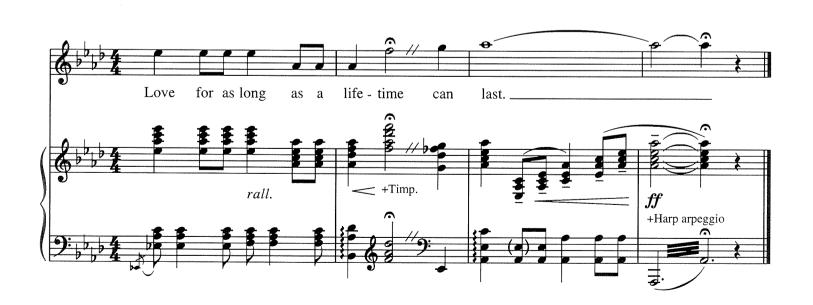












BOY FOR SALE

from the Columbia Pictures-Romulus film Oliver!

Music and Lyrics by LIONEL BART





YOUNG AND FOOLISH

from Plain And Fancy

Words by ARNOLD B. HORWITT Music by ALBERT HAGUE





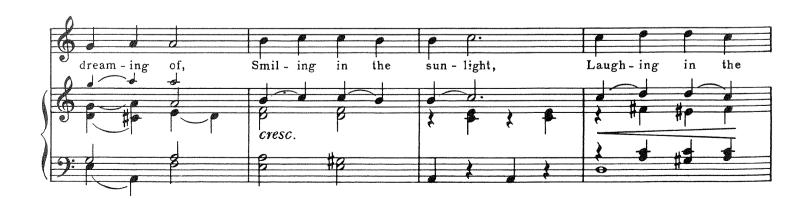














A BIT OF EARTH

from The Secret Garden

Lyrics by MARSHA NORMAN Music by LUCY SIMON













WINTER'S ON THE WING

from The Secret Garden

Lyrics by MARSHA NORMAN Music by LUCY SIMON







^{*}Play all grace notes on the beat.







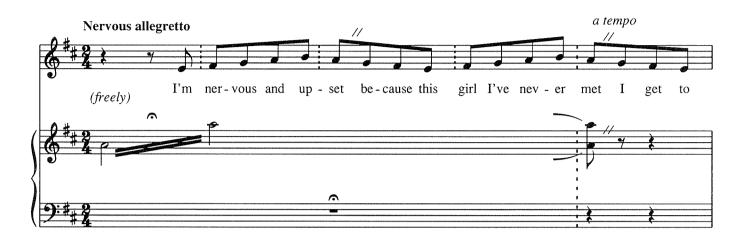




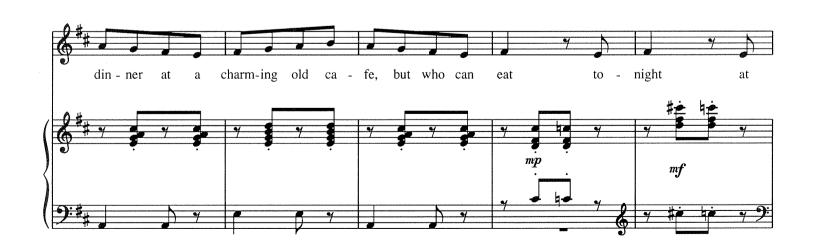
TONIGHT AT EIGHT

from She Loves Me

Lyrics by SHELDON HARNICK Music by JERRY BOCK















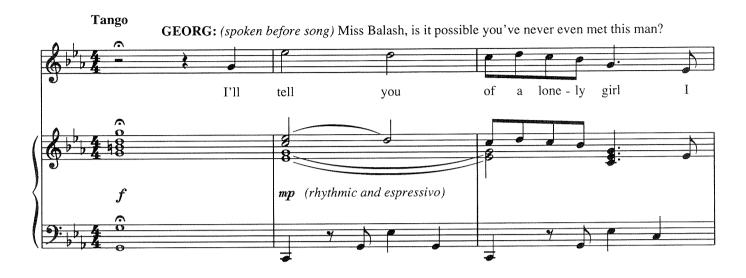


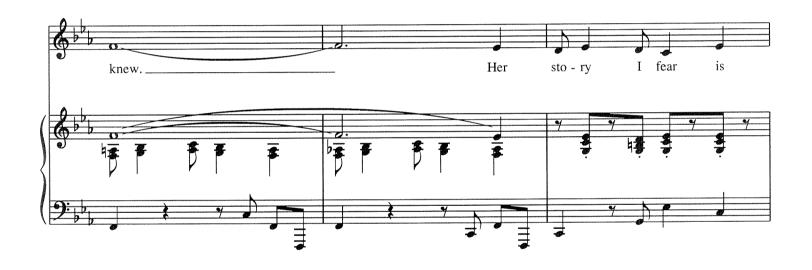


TANGO TRAGIQUE

from She Loves Me

Lyrics by SHELDON HARNICK Music by JERRY BOCK











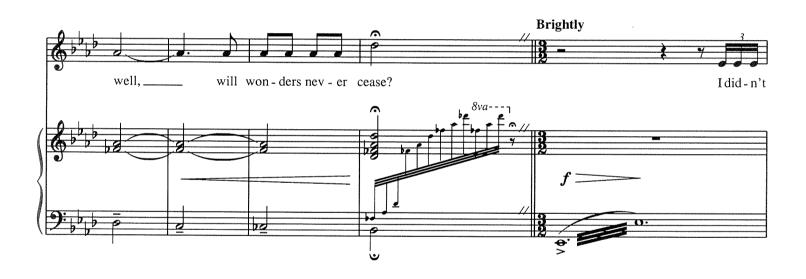


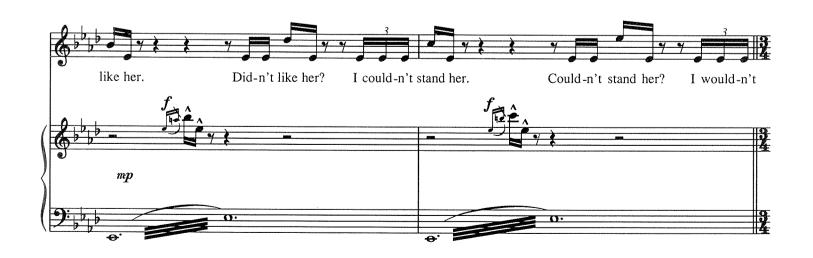
SHE LOVES ME

from She Loves Me

Lyrics by SHELDON HARNICK Music by JERRY BOCK















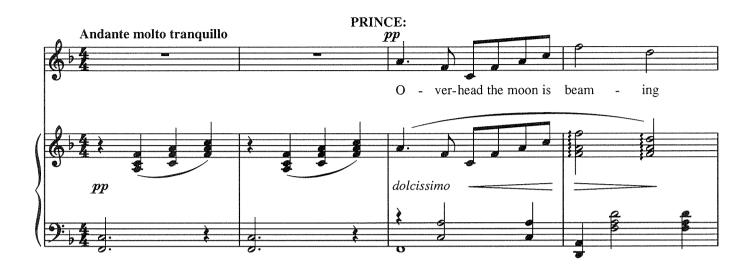


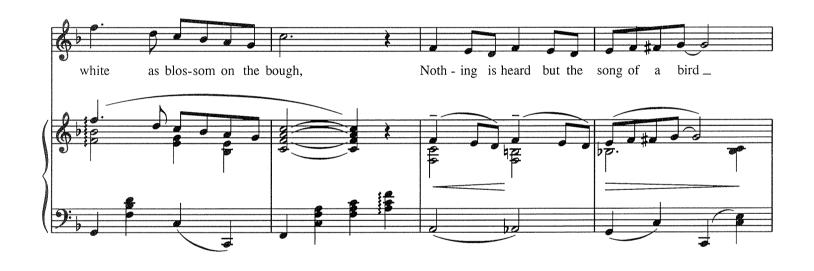


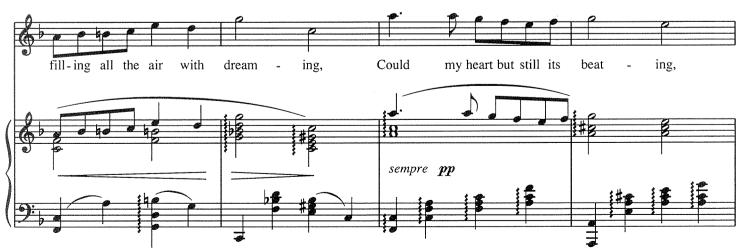
SERENADE

from The Student Prince

Lyrics by DOROTHY DONNELLY Music by SIGMUND ROMBERG







In the show, the Prince is the featured soloist in a large ensemble in the piece.







THE MUSIC OF THE NIGHT

from The Phantom of the Opera

